

#### Frank Busse

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# Quality assurance on transformers when using green oil (natural esters) as an insulating liquid







Quality assurance on transformers when using green oil (natural esters) as an insulating liquid



#### Frank Busse – Senior Consultant

Member of committees

different working groups in CENELEC / IEC / IEEE – for Transformer and for Bushings

Vice Chairman DKE K321 Transformer

Vice Chairman DKE K451.1 Bushings

Member DKE K451 Insulators

- 1. Where is green oil (natural ester) used as an insulating liquid for transformers
- 2. Special requirements for the transformer specification
- 3. Consideration of the environmental conditions for the use of the transformers
- 4. Quality assurance in the project process
- 5. Tests
- 6. Service and maintenance in operation

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# Where is green oil used as an insulating liquid for transformers

- Use with oil immersed transformers according to the IEC 60076 series
  - Distribution Transformer (already specified for many utilities)
  - Power Transformer (specified on request and for special projects)
- Function of the insulating oil
  - electrical insulation of the active part (windings, leads, ...)
  - Impregnation of the solid insulation
  - Cooling of windings and iron core (active part)
- more than 30 years projected service life of the transformers



## Where is green oil used as an insulating liquid for transformers

- historically use of mineral oil (disadvantage of low flash point)
- for more than 20 years, use of synthetic and natural esters
  Benefits of natural esters:



Quickly biodegradable



Not hazardous to water

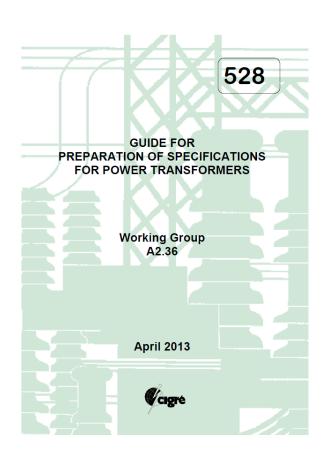


Flame retardant

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## Special requirements for the transformer specification

- Very good overview for specification requirements are given in the CIGRE publication 528
  - mainly for Power Transformer → also useful for Distribution
    Transformer
- Special attention in the transformer specification to:
  - Specification of the type of oil
  - Specification of the type of cooling of the transformer
  - Description of environmental and installation conditions
  - Range of ambient temperatures
  - protection against oil loss
  - Fire safety



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#### Consideration of the environmental conditions for the use of the transformers

- where should the transformer be installed and operated
  - On shore

- possibly in water protection areas
- → near or in residential areas
- → Water power plants
- mounting on poles
- → use for transport application

(trains)

Off shore

- on platforms
- → in wind turbines
- are there special temperature conditions / requirements
  - Ambient temperature conditions
  - Cooling and cooling conditions



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# Quality assurance in the project process

- Manufacturer selection taking into account the oil processes in the manufacturing plant and on-site
  - supplier approval
  - if necessary supplier audit
- Quality assurance in the project process
  - Project kick off
  - Design Review
  - Production control (focus on oil processes)
  - Active part inspection
  - FAT
  - Transport
  - Installation and Commissioning



## Quality assurance in the project process

- Design Review with special attention to:
  - dielectric strength (with inhomogeneous arrangements, natural esters are slightly worse than mineral oils)
  - selection of the tap changer
  - thermal design / internal and external cooling
  - Use and design of the insulating materials to be impregnated
  - Use of development tests (dielectric, thermal)
  - hermetic design
  - oil filling and preparation during installation
- for **Distribution Transformer** no special requirement → just type testing

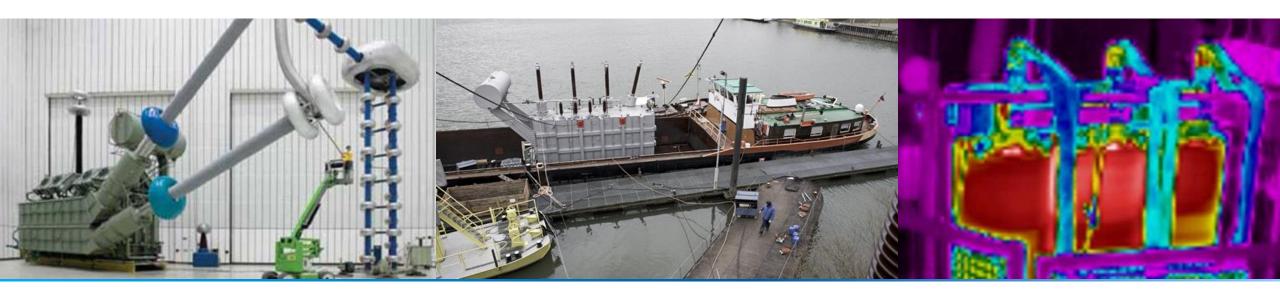


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#### Test

- implementation of development tests (dielectric, thermal)
- Review of the technological processes in the production
- All type and routine tests in accordance with IEC 60076 must be carried out without changes
  - special attention to → dielectric tests

    - temperature rise tests
    - special test like short circuit test



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### Service and maintenance in operation

- no special requirements for the service and maintenance of transformers
- the usual oil checks during maintenance like
  - → DGA
  - → breakdown voltage measurement
  - → water content

can be used to condition assessment

 the interpretation of the DGA (e.g. according to the Duval triangle) must be slightly adjusted (thermal failure)



#### Thank you for your attention

#### Frank Busse

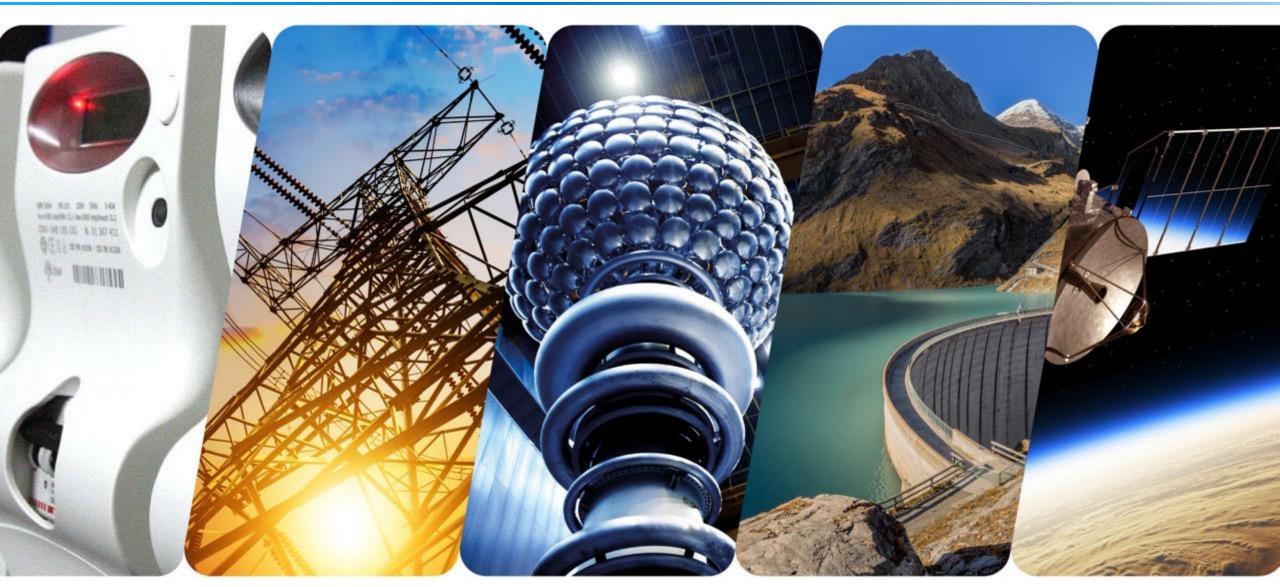


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